TOWN OF FAIRVIEW, TEXAS

Financial Statements (With Auditor's Report Thereon)

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

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372 Town Place • Fairview, TX 75069 • Town Hall 972-562-0522

March 20, 2013

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the Town Council, and the Citizens of the Town of Fairview, Texas:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Town of Fairview, Texas for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012, is hereby submitted. The financial statements are presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants.

Management assumes full responsibility for both the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that has been established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements. The internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by Town management.

Fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the Town. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the Town. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the Town's financial activities have been included.

The Town of Fairview's financial statements have been audited by Evans, Pingleton, Howard, PLLC, Certified Public Accountants; have issued an unqualified opinion of the Town of Fairview, Texas financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012. The independent auditor' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the financial statements as required by GAAP. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the Government

The Town of Fairview was incorporated in 1958. The Town is located in Collin County and is approximately 27 miles north of downtown Dallas on US Highway 75. It currently occupies 9.2 square miles and serves a population of 8,200. The Town is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal property located within its boundaries. It is also empowered by state statute to extend its corporate limit by annexation, which it has done from time to time.

The Town of Fairview has operated under the council-manager form of government since 2005, when the home rule charter was adopted. Policy making and legislative authority is vested in the Town Council, which consists of a Mayor and six Council members, all elected at large to two year staggered terms. The Council appoints the Town's Manager, who in turn appoints the heads of the various departments and is responsible for the day to day operations of the Town.

The Town of Fairview provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection, the construction and maintenance of streets and other infrastructure; planning and zoning, parks and general administrative services. Additionally, the Town provides water and sewer services as an enterprise function.

Discretely presented component units are legally separate entities and are not part of the primary government's operations. The Town of Fairview is financially accountable for its component units. Accordingly, the Fairview Community and Economic Development Corporations are included in these financial statements and are explained in more detail in Note 1 of the Notes to the Financial Statements.

The Council is required to adopt a final budget by no later than the close of the fiscal year. This annual budget serves as the foundation for the Town of Fairview financial planning and control. The budget is prepared by fund and department.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is best understood when considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the Town of Fairview operates.

Local Economy

The Town of Fairview is situated in the Dallas/Ft. Worth Consolidated Metropolitan Statistical Area and is located in Collin County. Until 2006 the Town was primarily a bedroom community. In 2006 the Town entered into an agreement with the Herring Group that, over the next several years, brought 900,000 square feet of new shopping, dining and entertainment space with the development of the Villages of Fairview. The Villages includes three anchor stores, Macy's, Penny's, and Dillards, along with multiple restaurants, smaller retailers and entertainment venues. The Town has seen the sales taxes generated each year increase significantly since the Villages of Fairview opened. FY 12 saw a 13.2% increase in sales taxes. In FY 07 sales taxes represented 7.4% of the General Fund budget. In FY 12 that had increased to 23%.

This development has also opened up additional commercial land for development. In FY 12 the Town entered into a public private partnership with the Noah's Corporation to construct a 9,000 square foot conference facility. The Town owns the land and the property and Noah's will operate the facility under a long term lease contract. The development is expected to generate approximately 35,000 visitors to the Town annually. The facility will open in the spring of 2013.

Property tax revenues have also seen significant increases both in the commercial area with the construction of the Villages of Fairview along with a continued strong residential property tax base. The tax base in FY 12 grew by 4.5% and the latest 3 year average is 4.49% per annum even with the general downturn in the economy. The average home value in Fairview in FY12 was \$358,227.

The economy is very strong in Collin County and in Fairview. The unemployment rate for Collin County projected for September 2012 was 5.7%, compared to 6.3% for Texas and 7.6% nationwide (not seasonally adjusted).

Long Term Planning

The Town Council and staff recognize the need for long range planning. It is the goal of the Town government to provide responsible leadership, services, and infrastructure to achieve a safe environment and provide for a high quality of life.

Financial Policies

The Town Council has adopted and routinely updates the financial policies of the Town. The most recent update to the policies occurred in May of 2012. These policies have guided the Town and have resulted in strong fund balances and conservative budgeting practices. The General Fund reserve policy sets a goal of 20% of appropriations. The Town has exceeded this level for many years and the current fund balance is estimated at over 60% of General Fund appropriations.

The Town retains strong bond ratings with the most recent reaffirmation of Moody's rating of Aa2 and Standard and Poor's rating of AA- occurring in August of 2012 with the most recent bond issuance.

Long Range Planning

In April of 2012 the Council approved moving forward with an update of the Town's Comprehensive Plan. This effort was recently reinforced at the Council/Staff strategic planning retreat, where a number of specific initiatives were also identified for updating including the Town's thoroughfare plan, utility plan, trail plan, and the commercial planned development district plan. These efforts will begin in 2013.

Capital Improvement Planning

The Town has maintained and updated a capital plan for facilities and infrastructure. In 2012 the Council approved a three year plan to reconstruct most of the existing asphalt streets in Town. The first phase was completed in the summer of 2012 with a total expenditure of approximately \$1,500,000. The Council is now considering the completion of the next two phases in 2013.

One of the outcomes of the recent strategic planning retreat was to move forward with the next update of the capital plan, which will occur in 2013, which will include timing and cost for needed improvements along with a financing plan.

Major capital projects planned in the near future by other agencies including TxDOT and North Texas Municipal Water District which will impact Fairview include the widening of a section of Stacy Road from Highway 5 to FM-1378, corridor improvements to US 75 including lane widening and ramp adjustments, and the construction of a major water line through Fairview. Each of these projects is in the planning or design stage.

Utilities

The Town of Fairview purchases its water from and has its sewer treated by North Texas Municipal Water District. The District has a long range plan for providing treated water to its member and customer cities and each year portions of that plan are implemented along with the rates necessary to fund the plans. As a part of the budget process the Council authorized the completion of a rate study in FY13 to evaluate the need for adjustments in the water and sewer rates that may be necessary over the next five years. As a result of that study the Town will implement a 6% rate increase in FY13.

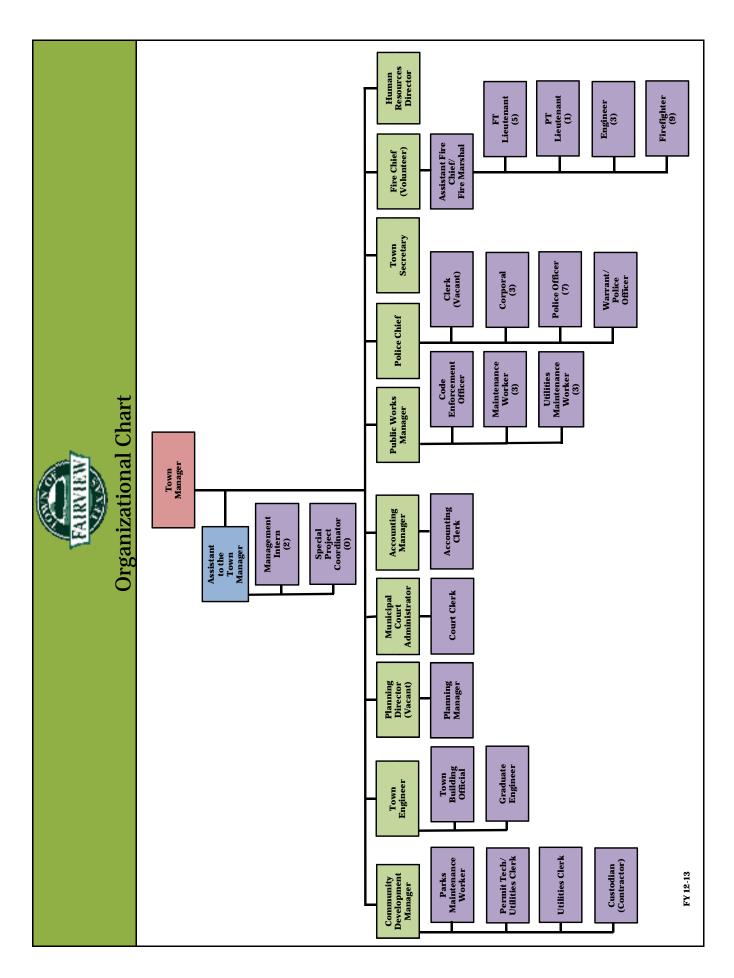
Acknowledgements

The preparation of the comprehensive annual financial report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated service of the staff of the finance and administration department who worked on the report. Each member involved in this effort has my sincere appreciation for the contributions made in the preparation of this report.

Credit must also be given to the governing body of the Town, the Mayor and the members of the Town Council, for their leadership and support in maintaining the highest standards in the financial management of the Town of Fairview.

Respectfully submitted,

Julie Couch Town Manager



List of Principal Officials September 30, 2012

Title	Name
Mayor	Sim Israeloff
Mayor Pro Tem	Henry Lessner
Councilman	Darian Culbertson
Councilman	John Fraser
Councilman	Jim Cunningham
Councilman	Ron Kasian
Councilwoman	Mary Price
Town Manager	Julie Couch
Town Secretary	Michelle Lewis Sirianni
Town Engineer	James Chancellor
Community Development Manager	Ray Dunlap
Police Chief	Granver Tolliver
Public Works Manager	Aron Holmgren
Accounting Manager	Brenda Bowman

EVANS, PINGLETON and HOWARD, PLLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 8950 GARY BURNS DRIVE, SUITE D FRISCO, TEXAS 75034 972-335-9754/FAX 972-335-9758

KIRK EVANS, CPA ROBIN J. TURNBULL, CPA BARBARA POLARINAKIS, CPA KERI ROBERTON, CPA TOM W. PINGLETON, CPA (RETIRED) RANDY HOWARD, CPA (RETIRED)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council **Town of Fairview, Texas**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Fairview, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the management of the Town of Fairview. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Fairview, Texas, at September 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, and the budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 8 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Page Two

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The introductory sections, combining and individual fund statements and schedules, and statistical section, listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining financial statements and individual fund schedule have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Evans, Pingleton and Howard, PUC

February 20, 2013

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Town of Fairview, we offer readers of the Town of Fairview's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Fairview for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages 3-5 of this report. All amounts, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in actual dollars.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Town of Fairview exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$29,230,014 (net assets). Of this amount, \$11,900,166, (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The government's total net assets increased by \$1,259,858. The primary reason for the increase in net assets was the excess of operating revenues over expenses in the Proprietary Fund.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town of Fairview's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$10,675,869, an increase of \$3,269,278 in comparison with the prior year. The reason for the increase in fund balances is due to a \$4,300,000 bond issue. Approximately \$4,230,732 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$4,320,732 or 77 percent of total general fund expenditures.
- The Town of Fairview's total long-term debt increased by \$3,515,000 during the current fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Fairview's basic financial statements. The Town of Fairview's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town of Fairview's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the Town of Fairview's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town of Fairview is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town of Fairview that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Town of Fairview include general government, public safety, transportation, and recreation. The business-type activities of the Town of Fairview include the water and sewer system.

The government-wide financial statements include only the Town of Fairview itself (known as the primary government). The Economic and Community Development Corporations, although legally separate, function as special revenue funds of the Town of Fairview and therefore have been included as an integral part of the primary government.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 11-13 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Fairview, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town of Fairview can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is more narrow than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-tern impact of the government's near term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The Town of Fairview maintains six governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, debt service fund and capital projects fund, all of which are considered major funds. Data from the three other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The Town of Fairview adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 14-21 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The Town of Fairview maintains one type of proprietary fund. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town of Fairview uses an enterprise fund to account for its Water and Sewer operations, which includes water, sewer and stormwater impact fees.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water and Sewer operations, which is considered to be a major fund of the Town of Fairview.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 22-25 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 26-46 of this report.

Other information: The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the notes to the financial statements. The individual fund schedule provides a budgetary comparison schedule for the enterprise fund. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 48-50 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Town of Fairview, assets exceed liabilities by \$29,230,014 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

A portion of the Town of Fairview's net assets (50 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, building, machinery, and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Town of Fairview uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town of Fairview's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW - Net Assets

	Governmental Activities		Business-Typ	Business-Type Activities		<u>Total</u>	
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011	
Current and Other Assets	\$ 11,245,869	8,229,388	7,979,635	7,314,010	19,225,504	15,543,398	
Capital Assets	23,522,177	22,248,655	14,567,880	14,963,647	38,090,057	37,212,302	
Total Assets	34,768,046	30,478,043	22,547,515	22,277,657	57,315,561	52,755,700	
Long Term Liabilities	17,930,315	13,807,302	9,476,488	10,096,914	27,406,803	23,904,216	
Other Liabilities	266,901	660,446	411,843	220,882	678,744	881,328	
Total Liabilities	18,197,216	14,467,748	9,888,331	10,317,796	28,085,547	24,785,544	
Net Assets:							
Captial Assets, Net of Related Debt	9,526,012	8,607,474	5,112,179	4,884,946	14,638,191	13,492,420	
Restricted	2,477,022	2,805,290	-	-	2,477,022	2,805,290	
Unrestricted	4,567,796	4,597,531	7,547,005	7,074,915	12,114,801	11,672,446	
Total Net Assets	\$ 16,570,830	16,010,295	12,659,184	11,959,861	29,230,014	27,970,156	

An additional portion of the Town's net assets (9 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net assets* \$12,114,801 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Fairview is able to report positive balances in all categories of net assets for the government as a whole.

There was an increase of \$1,145,771 in net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt. This increase is mainly due to Government Activities unspent bond proceeds.

The Government's net assets increased by \$1,259,850 mainly due to an excess of Operating Revenues over Operating Expenses in Business-Type Activities.

$TOWN\ OF\ FAIRVIEW-Changes\ in\ Net\ Assets$

	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	pe Activities	То	Total	
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011	
Revenues:							
Program Revenues:							
Charges for Services	\$ 1,352,382	1,652,164	4,014,686	4,110,328	5,367,068	5,762,492	
Operating Grants and Contributions	152,856	84,502	-	-	152,856	84,502	
Capital Grants and Contributions	175,907	64,914	-	-	175,907	64,914	
General Revenues:							
Property Taxes	4,282,347	4,145,549	-	-	4,282,347	4,145,549	
Other Taxes	3,442,392	3,213,865	-	-	3,442,392	3,213,865	
Investment Earnings	24,945	33,394	3,628	3,332	28,573	36,726	
Other	92,423	178,861			92,423	178,861	
Total Revenues	9,523,252	9,373,249	4,018,314	4,113,660	13,541,566	13,486,909	
Expenses:							
General Government	1,404,099	1,869,670	-	-	1,404,099	1,869,670	
Public Safety	3,519,801	3,234,582	-	-	3,519,801	3,234,582	
Public Works	1,213,024	1,096,916	-	-	1,213,024	1,096,916	
Municipal Court	127,309	131,513	-	-	127,309	131,513	
Parks and Recreation	83,675	85,378	-	-	83,675	85,378	
Economic Development	814,079	384,171	-	-	814,079	384,171	
Community Development	778,011	359,881	-	-	778,011	359,881	
Interest on Long-Term Debt	504,666	531,122	-	-	504,666	531,122	
Water & Sewer	-	-	3,837,044	3,212,911	3,837,044	3,212,911	
Total Expenses	8,444,664	7,693,233	3,837,044	3,212,911	12,281,708	10,906,144	
Increase in Net Assets Before Transfers	1,078,588	1,680,016	181,270	900,749	1,259,858	2,580,765	
Transfers	(518,053)	(741,498)	518,053	741,498	-		
Increase/(Decrease) in Net Assets	560,535	938,518	699,323	1,642,247	1,259,858	2,580,765	
Net Assets - Beginning	16,010,295	15,071,777	11,959,861	10,317,614	27,970,156	25,389,391	
Net Assets - Ending	\$16,570,830	16,010,295	12,659,184	11,959,861	29,230,014	27,970,156	

Governmental Activities:

- Property tax increased by \$125,738 (3%) during the year.
- Sales tax increased by \$193,059 (7%) during the year.

Business-Type Activities

Business-type activities increased the Town of Fairview's net assets by \$1,642,247.

- Charges for services decreased by \$95,642.
- Operating expenses increased by \$624,133 over the previous year.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of Fairview uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Town of Fairview's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Fairview's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Fairview's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$10,703,069, an increase of \$3,296,478 from the prior year. Of the current combined ending fund balance, \$4,198,422 is unassigned, \$2,095,835 is restricted for court, economic and community development, \$381,187 is restricted for retirement of long-term debt, and \$3,778,075 is restricted for capital projects.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Fairview. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$4,198,422. Total unassigned fund balance represents 76% of total general fund expenditures.

Proprietary Funds. The Town of Fairview's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net assets of the Enterprise Funds at the end of the year amounted to \$7,547,005. The total increase in net assets of the Enterprise Funds was \$699,253. The factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the Town of Fairview's business type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the year, revenues exceeded budget estimates and expenditures were less than budgetary estimates. The budget had called for a \$369,560 decrease in fund balance. However, due to larger than budgeted transfers to other funds, the fund balance decreased by \$429,405.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The town of Fairview's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of September 30, 2012, amounts to \$38,090,057 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land and right-of-way, buildings, systems, improvements, and equipment.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Purchase of land (\$735,260) and construction in progress on three minor projects (\$725,429) were the major additions to governmental activity capital assets.
- Construction in progress on two minor projects (\$64,942) was the major addition to business-type activities capital assets.

Additional information on the Town of Fairview's capital assets can be found in note 3.C. on page 36-37 of this report.

Long-Term Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Fairview had bonded debt outstanding of \$27,225,000. The long-term debt consisted of \$7,240,000 of General Obligation Bonds, and \$19,850,000 of Certificates of Obligation.

Additional information on the Town of Fairview's long-term debt can be found in note 3.F. on pages 38-41 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- The ad valorem tax rate of \$0.36 per \$100 valuation was maintained in the 2012-13 budget.
- Water rates were increased by 6% after a water rate study was performed.
- Sales taxes are expected to see small but continued increases due to anticipated retail growth.
- The town again budgeted for two full time firefighter positions for 2012-2013.
- The Volunteer fire stipend was increased for 2012-13.
- Noah's conference center, a public private partnership, will be opening in May 2013.
- Bonds will be sold for continued street improvement projects.
- · Compensation and Classification plan for town employees will be performed and implemented.

All these factors were considered in preparing the Town of Fairview's budget for the 2013 fiscal year.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town of Fairview's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Town Manager, 372 Town Place, Fairview, Texas 75069.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Statement of Net Assets September 30, 2012

	P	rimary Government	
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$10,259,089	6,429,439	16,688,528
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents		888,360	888,360
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles):			
Property Taxes	50,179	-	50,179
Sales Taxes	474,412	-	474,412
Franchise Taxes	169,560	-	169,560
Utility Bills	37,032	$409,\!570$	446,602
Other	1,911	-	1,911
Unamortized Bond Issuance Costs	253,686	$252,\!266$	505,952
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	3,859,389	178,326	4,037,715
Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net:	19,662,788	14,389,554	34,052,342
Total Assets	34,768,046	22,547,515	57,315,561
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	122,361	50,337	172,698
Accrued Wages Payable	77,974	17,785	95,759
Accrued Interest Payable	27,966	41,288	69,254
Customer Deposits	38,600	106,522	145,122
Deferred Revenue	-	195,911	195,911
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Due Within One Year	940,446	761,337	1,701,783
Due in More Than One Year	16,989,869	8,715,151	25,705,020
Total Liabilities	18,197,216	9,888,331	28,085,547
NET ASSETS			
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Restricted for:	9,526,012	5,112,179	14,638,191
Debt Service	381,187	-	381,187
Court	107,202	-	107,202
Economic Development	1,135,160	-	1,135,160
Community Development	853,473	-	853,473
Unrestricted	4,567,796	7,547,005	12,114,801
Total Net Assets	\$16,570,830	12,659,184	29,230,014

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

		Program Revenues		
			Operating	Capital
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions
Primary Government				
Governmental Activities:				
General Government	\$ 1,404,099	100,225	-	-
Public Safety	3,519,801	267,367	132,932	-
Public Works	1,213,024	984,790	-	175,907
Municipal Court	127,309	-	-	-
Parks and Recreation	83,675	-	19,924	-
Economic Development	814,079	-	-	-
Community Development	778,011	-	-	-
Interest and Fiscal Charges	504,666	-	-	-
Total Governmental Activities	8,444,664	1,352,382	152,856	175,907
Business-Type Activities:				
Water and Sewer	3,837,044	4,014,686	-	-
Total Business-Type Activities	3,837,044	4,014,686		
Total Primary Government	\$12,281,708	5,367,068	152,856	175,907

General Revenues:

Property Taxes

Sales Taxes

Franchise Taxes

Mixed Beverage Tax

Interest Earnings

Miscellaneous

Transfers In (Out)

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets - Beginning

Net Assets - Ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

Primary Government					
Governmental	Business-Type				
Activities	Activities	Total			
(1,303,874)	_	(1,303,874)			
(3,119,502)	-	(3,119,502)			
(52,327)	-	(52,327)			
(127,309)	-	(127,309)			
(63,751)	-	(63,751)			
(814,079)	-	(814,079)			
(778,011)	-	(778,011)			
(504,666)	-	(504,666)			
(6,763,519)	-	(6,763,519)			
· · · · ·					
-	177,642	177,642			
-	177,642	177,642			
(6,763,519)	177,642	(6,585,877)			
4,282,347	-	4,282,347			
2,767,152	-	2,767,152			
607,726	-	607,726			
67,514	-	67,514			
24,945	3,628	28,573			
92,423	-	92,423			
(518,053)	518,053				
7,324,054	521,681	7,845,735			
560,535	699,323	1,259,858			
500,555	099,943	1,200,000			
16,010,295	11,959,861	27,970,156			
\$16,570,830	12,659,184	29,230,014			

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds September 30, 2012

ASSETS	General Fund	Debt Service Fund
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$3,964,068	381,187
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles):	OF #44	04.695
Property Taxes Sales Taxes	$\begin{array}{c} 25,544 \\ 237,206 \end{array}$	24,635
Franchise Taxes	169,560	<u>-</u>
Utility Bills	37,032	-
Other	1,911	
Total Assets	\$4,435,321	405,822
LIABILITIES & FUND BALANCES		
Liabilities:	05 701	
Accounts Payable Accrued Wages	97,561 $75,194$	-
Deferred Revenue	25,544	24,635
Customer Deposits	38,600	-
Total Liabilities	236,899	24,635
Fund Balances: Restricted:		
Court Debt Service	- -	381,187
Economic Development	- -	501,107
Community Development	-	-
Capital Projects	-	-
Unassigned:	4,198,422	-
Total Fund Balances	4,198,422	381,187
Total Liabilities & Fund Balances	\$4,435,321	405,822

Capital	Other	Total
Projects	Governmental	Governmental
Fund	Funds	Funds
4,052,425	1,861,409	10,259,089
-	-	50,179
-	$237,\!206$	474,412
-	-	169,560
-	-	37,032
	-	1,911
4,052,425	2,098,615	10,992,183
24,800	-	122,361
-	2,780	77,974
-	-	50,179
	-	38,600
24,800	2,780	289,114
-	107,202	107,202
-	-	381,187
-	1,135,160	1,135,160
-	853,473	853,473
4,027,625	-	4,027,625
		4,198,422
4,027,625	2,095,835	10,703,069
4,052,425	2,098,615	10,992,183

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Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets September 30, 2012

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$10,703,069
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and therefore, are not reported in governmental funds. At the beginning of the year, the cost of these assets was \$25,358,590 and the accumulated depreciation was \$(3,109,935). In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable of \$(13,631,299) and capital leases payable of \$(9,882), are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The net effect of including the beginning balances for capital assets (net of depreciation) and long-term debt in the governmental activities is to increase net assets.	8,607,474
Current year capital outlays of \$2,155,150 and long-term debt principal payments of \$596,941 are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the current year capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase net assets.	2,752,091
Interest is accrued on outstanding debt in the government-wide financial statements, whereas in the fund financial statements, interest expenditures are reported when due. The net effect of including accrued interest is to decrease net assets.	(27,966)
The current year depreciation expense increases accumulated depreciation. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to	(881,628)
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing \$50,179 of deferred revenue as revenue, recognizing unamortized bond issuance cost of \$253,686, recognizing the issuance of bonds of \$(4,730,000) and recognizing the liabilities associated with compensated absences \$(156,075). The net effect	
of these reclassifications is to decrease net assets.	(4,582,210)

\$16,570,830

Net Assets of Governmental Activities

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund
REVENUES		
Property Taxes	\$2,179,661	2,103,779
Sales Tax	1,383,576	-
Franchise Taxes	573,412	-
Mixed Beverage Tax	$67,\!514$	-
Charges for Services	668,401	-
Permits	416,614	-
Fines and Forfeitures	249,232	-
Intergovernmental	54,932	-
Street Impact Fees	-	-
Park Fees	-	-
Interest Income	13,552	-
Miscellaneous	92,423	- 100 550
Total Revenues	5,699,317	2,103,779
EXPENDITURES Current:		
General Government	1,183,692	-
Public Safety	3,235,434	-
Public Works	770,194	-
Inspections	107,811	-
Municipal Court	125,880	-
Parks and Recreation	74,859	-
Economic Development	-	-
Community Development	-	-
Capital Outlay	-	-
Debt Service:		
Principal	-	596,941
Interest and Fiscal Charges		525,077
Total Expenditures	5,497,870	1,122,018
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over		
(Under) Expenditures	201,447_	981,761
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	227 200	107.000
Transfers In Transfers Out	327,200	125,000
Bonds Issued	(958,052)	(970,253)
Bond Issuance Cost	-	- (04 920)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(630,852)	(94,230) (939,483)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(429,405)	42,278
Fund Balances - Beginning	4,627,827	338,909
Fund Balances - Ending	\$4,198,422	381,187

Capital Projects Fund Other Governmental Funds Total Governmental Funds - 4,283,440 - 1,417,890 2,801,466 - 573,412 - 67,514 - 67,514 - 688,401 - 416,614 - 18,135 267,367 78,000 - 132,932 175,907 - 175,907 19,924 - 19,924 7,919 3,474 24,945 - 92,423 281,750 1,439,499 9,524,345 - - 1,183,692 - - 3,235,434 - - 107,811 - - 107,811 - - 107,811 - - 107,811 - - 1,429 127,309 - - 74,859 - 814,081 814,081 - -			
Fund Funds Funds - 4,283,440 - 1,417,890 2,801,466 - - 67,514 - - 67,514 - - 668,401 - - 416,614 - - 416,614 - - 132,932 175,907 - 175,907 19,924 - 19,924 7,919 3,474 24,945 - - 92,423 281,750 1,439,499 9,524,345	Capital	Other	Total
	-		
- 1,417,890	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Funds</u>
- 1,417,890			4 999 440
-	-	1 417 800	
	-	1,417,090	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	-	
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$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	78.000	10,133	·
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$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		3 474	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1,313	0,474	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	281 750	1 /39 /99	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	201,700	1,400,400	3,024,040
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	-	1,183,692
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	-	3,235,434
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	-	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	-	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	1,429	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	-	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	·	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	778,009	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2,132,177	-	2,132,177
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	_	_	596 941
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	_	_	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2 132 177	1 593 519	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2,102,111		
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	(1,850,427)	(154,020)	(821,239)
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1,148.052	-	1.600.252
$\begin{array}{c cccccc} 4,730,000 & - & 4,730,000 \\ \hline - & - & (94,230) \\ \hline 5,878,052 & (190,000) & 4,117,717 \\ \hline \\ 4,027,625 & (344,020) & 3,296,478 \\ \hline - & 2,439,855 & 7,406,591 \\ \hline \end{array}$	-	(190.000)	
$\begin{array}{c ccccc} & - & & & & & & & & \\ \hline 5,878,052 & & & & & & & & \\ \hline 4,027,625 & & & & & & & \\ & - & & & & & & \\ \hline 2,439,855 & & & & & \\ \hline 7,406,591 & & & & \\ \end{array}$	4.730.000	-	
5,878,052 (190,000) 4,117,717 4,027,625 (344,020) 3,296,478 - 2,439,855 7,406,591	-,,	-	
	5,878,052	(190,000)	
	4,027,625	(344,020)	3,296,478
		2 420 955	7 406 501
<u>4,027,625</u> <u>2,095,835</u> <u>10,703,069</u>	<u> </u>	4,409,000	1,400,091
	4,027,625	2,095,835	10,703,069

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 3,296,478
Current year capital outlays of \$2,155,150 and long-term debt principal payments of \$596,941 are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the current year capital outlays and debt principal	
payments is to increase net assets.	2,752,091
Interest is accrued on outstanding debt in the government-wide financial statements, whereas in the fund financial statements, interest expenditures are reported when due. The net effect of including accrued interest is to increase net assets.	37,494
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current resources. The net effect of the	
current year's depreciation is to decrease net assets.	(881,628)
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing deferred revenue of \$(1,093), as revenue, recognizing the issuance of bonds payable of \$(4,730,000), recognizing the amortization of bond issuance cost of \$(17,083) and recognizing the change in compensated absences of \$(10,046). The net	(4.649.000)
effect of these reclassifications is to decrease net assets.	(4,643,900)
Changes in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 560,535

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

				Variance
				With Final Budget
	Original	Final		Positive
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES	Duuget	Duuget	Actual	(Ivegative)
Property Taxes	\$ 2,169,764	2,173,600	2,179,661	6,061
Sales Taxes	1,138,241	1,380,000	1,383,576	3,576
Franchise Fees	584,738	570,000	573,412	3,412
Mixed Beverage Tax	•	67,000	67,514	514
Charges for Services	526,578	599,500	668,401	68,901
Permits	224,580	353,450	416,614	63,164
Fines and Forfeitures	281,508	254,100	249,232	(4,868)
Intergovernmental	68,000	55,000	54,932	(68)
Interest Income	-	10,000	13,552	3,552
Miscellaneous	344,843	118,000	92,423	(25,577)
Total Revenues	5,338,252	5,580,650	5,699,317	118,667
Total revenues	0,000,202	0,000,000	0,000,011	110,001
EXPENDITURES				
Current:	1 004 050	0.410.081	1 100 000	1 000 550
General Government	1,624,676	2,410,251	1,183,692	1,226,559
Public Safety	3,390,476	3,242,767	3,235,434	7,333
Public Works	303,583	313,782	770,194	(456,412)
Inspections	121,823	105,944	107,811	(1,867)
Municipal Court	136,952	127,690	125,880	1,810
Parks and Recreation	79,031	76,976	74,859	2,117
Total Expenditures	5,656,541	6,277,410	5,497,870	779,540
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over	(010,000)	(000 500)	201 445	000.005
(Under) Expenditures	(318,289)	(696,760)	201,447	898,207
	37			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES Transfers In		227 200	227 200	
Transfers In Transfers Out	300,000	327,200	327,200	- (050 050)
			(958,052)	(958,052)
Total Other Financing	200,000	207 200	(000 050)	(050,050)
Sources (Uses)	300,000	327,200	(630,852)	(958,052)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(18,289)	(369,560)	(429,405)	(59,845)
Fund Balances - Beginning	4,627,827	4,627,827	4,627,827	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 4,609,538	4,258,267	4,198,422	(59,845)

Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Fund September 30, 2012

	Business-Type Activities	
	Enterprise	Enterprise
	Fund	Fund
	Current	Prior
	Year	Year
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 6,429,439	6,053,983
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	888,360	838,367
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles)	409,570	153,627
Total Current Assets	7,727,369	7,045,977
Total Culter Hissers	1,121,900	1,040,511
Noncurrent Assets:		
Unamortized Bond Issuance Costs	252,266	268,033
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	178,326	113,384
Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	14,389,554	14,850,263
Total Noncurrent Assets	14,820,146	15,231,680
Total Noncurrent Assets	14,820,140	15,251,000
Total Assets	22,547,515	22,277,657
Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable Accrued Wages Compensated Absences Deferred Revenue Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets: Long-Term Debt - Current Portion Accrued Interest Payable Customer Deposits Total Current Liabilities	50,337 $17,785$ $20,787$ $195,911$ $740,550$ $41,288$ $106,522$ $1,173,180$	63,376 12,139 18,213 - 693,000 52,504 92,863 932,095
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Long-Term Debt	8,715,151	9,385,701
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	8,715,151	9,385,701
Total Liabilities	9,888,331	10,317,796
NET ASSETS		
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	5,112,179	4,884,946
Unrestricted	7,547,005	7,074,915
Total Net Assets	\$12,659,184	11,959,861

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

	Business-Type Activities	
	Enterprise	Enterprise
	Fund	Fund
	Current	Prior
	Year	Year
OPERATING REVENUES		
Charges for Services	\$ 4,014,686	4,110,328
Total Operating Revenues	4,014,686	4,110,328
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Water Purchases	1,338,633	1,010,392
Personnel Services	617,321	571,189
Repairs and Maintenance	84,865	94,115
Operations	963,376	647,349
Depreciation	460,710	451,399
Total Operating Expenses	3,464,905	2,774,444
Operating Income	549,781	1,335,884
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Interest Revenue	3,628	3,332
Interest Expense	(372,139)	(438,467)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(368,511)	(435,135)
Total Honopolating November (Empenses)	(000,011)	(100,100)
Income Before Transfers	181,270	900,749
TRANSFERS		
Transfers In	845,253	1,021,498
Transfers Out	(327,200)	(280,000)
Total Transfers	518,053	741,498
Change in Net Assets	699,323	1,642,247
Net Assets - Beginning	11,959,861	10,317,614
Net Assets - Ending	\$12,659,184	11,959,861

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Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

	Business-Type Activities	
	Enterprise	Enterprise
	Fund	Fund
	$\operatorname{Current}$	Prior
	Year	Year
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Cash Received from Customers	\$ 3,772,402	4,191,448
Cash Paid to Employees for Services	(625,541)	(565,958)
Cash Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(2,187,562)	(1,826,133)
Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Operating Activities	959,299	1,799,357
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:		
Advances to Other Funds	-	(427, 150)
Advances from Other Funds	-	1,882,428
Transfers to Other Funds	(327,200)	(280,000)
Transfers from Other Funds	845,253	1,021,498
Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities	518,053	2,196,776
Cook Flows from Conital and Polated Financina Activities		
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets	(64,942)	(715,181)
Proceeds from Capital Debt	2,325,000	(715,161)
Principal Paid on Capital Debt	(2,948,000)	(660,450)
Interest and Fees Paid on Capital Debt	(2,348,000) $(367,589)$	(441,697)
Net Cash (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(1,055,531)	(1,817,328)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
Interest Received	3,628	3,332
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	3,628	3,332
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	425,449	2,182,137
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning	6,892,350	4,710,213
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending	\$ 7,317,799	6,892,350

Statement of Cash Flows
Proprietary Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012
-continued-

Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities

	Business-Type Activities		
	Enterprise En		
	Fund	Fund	
	Current	Prior	
	Year	Year	
Operating Income	\$ 549,781	1,335,884	
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash			
Provided by Operating Activities			
Depreciation/Amortization	460,710	451,399	
(Increase)/Decrease in Accounts Receivable	(255,943)	91,307	
Increase in Deferred Revenue	195,911	-	
Increase/(Decrease) in Accounts Payable	(13,039)	(74,277)	
Increase/(Decrease) in Accrued Wages	5,646	1,878	
Increase in Compensated Absences	2,574	3,353	
Decrease in Customer Deposits	13,659	(10,187)	
Total Adjustments	409,518	463,473	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 959,299	1,799,357	

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2012

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Town of Fairview, Texas, have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted (GAAP) in the United States of America as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The government is a municipal corporation governed by an elected seven-member council. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate units, are, in substance part of the government's operations.

Blended Component Units

The Town of Fairview's Economic and Community Development Corporations financial statements are included in the financial statements of the government as a Special Revenue Fund Type. The government exercises oversight responsibility for the corporations in the areas of finance, governance, management, and operations. The Town Council appoints the corporation's directors and may remove them for cause. The Town of Fairview Economic and Community Development Corporations do not prepare separate financial statements.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2012 -continued-

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *debt service fund* accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term obligation debt of governmental funds.

The *capital projects fund* accounts for the acquisition of capital assets or construction of major capital projects not being financed by proprietary funds.

The government reports the following proprietary fund:

The *enterprise fund* is used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business or where the council has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability. The government's enterprise fund is for water and sewer operations.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2012 -continued-

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation (continued)

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the *option* of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The enterprise fund also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

D. Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity

1. Deposits and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the government. Other short-term investments are included in investments. Investments are stated at cost.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2012 -continued-

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity (continued)

2. Short-term Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the balance sheet. Short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables."

3. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for the repayment of bonds are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. When the government incurs an expense for which it may use either restricted or unrestricted assets, it uses the restricted assets first.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest is capitalized on proprietary fund assets acquired with tax-exempt debt. The amount of interest to be capitalized is calculated by offsetting interest expense incurred from the date of the borrowing until completion of the project with interest earned on invested proceeds over the same period.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	$\underline{\text{Years}}$
Buildings	40
System infrastructure	40
Equipment	5-10
Vehicles	5

5. Compensated Absences

It is the government's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused "paid time off" which can be used for illness, disability, vacation or other absences.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2012 -continued-

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity (continued)

5. Compensated Absences (continued)

All paid time off is accrued, when incurred, in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

6. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

7. Fund Equity

<u>Fund Balance Classification</u>: The governmental fund financial statements present fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the Town is bound to honor constraints for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- <u>Nonspendable</u>: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2012 -continued-

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity (continued)

7. Fund equity (continued)

- Committed: This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Town Council. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Town Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The Town did not have any committed resources as of September 30, 2012.
- <u>Assigned</u>: This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the Town's
 intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed.
 This intent can be expressed by an official to which the Town Council delegates this
 authority.
- <u>Unassigned</u>: This classification includes amounts that have not been assigned to other funds or restricted, committed or assigned to a specific purpose within the General Fund.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the Town considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the Town considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed.

As of September 30, 2012, fund balances are composed of the following:

		Debt	Nonmajor	Total
	General	Service	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Nonspendable:	\$ -	-	-	-
Restricted:				
Court	-	-	107,202	107,202
Debt Service	-	381,187	-	381,187
Economic Development	-	-	1,135,160	1,135,160
Community Development	-	-	853,473	853,473
Capital Projects	-	-	4,027,625	4,027,625
Committed:	-	-	-	-
Assigned:	-	-	-	-
Unassigned:	4,198,422			4,198,422
Total Fund Balances	\$4,198,422	381,187	6,123,460	10,703,069

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2012 -continued-

NOTE 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Annual appropriated budgets are legally adopted for the general fund and water and sewer fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The Town follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- 1. Prior to September 1, the Town Council prepares a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. The budget is legally enacted by the Town Council through passage of an ordinance prior to the beginning of the fiscal year to which it applies, which can be amended by the Council.
- 4. The Town Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Town Council.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration, using the modified accrual basis, is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund. One supplemental appropriation was made during the fiscal year.
- 6. The budget approved for the Water and Sewer Fund follows similar approval procedures but departs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America by not including depreciation and amortization in the approved budget. These amounts are reported at year end as part of the "actual" column. No supplemental appropriations were made during the fiscal year.
- 7. The Debt Service and Capital Projects Funds do not have formal budgets since all are controlled by contractual obligations approved at inception or as part of the General Fund on an annual basis. The non-major governmental funds are not budgeted.

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Encumbered amounts lapse at year end. At year end, encumbrances are canceled or reappropriated as part of the following year budget.

B. Budget/GAAP Reconciliation

The following schedule reconciles the amounts on the Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets - Budget and Actual - Proprietary Fund to the amounts on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets - Proprietary Fund:

	Water and Sewer Fund		
Net Assets (Budget)	\$	13,119,894	
Depreciation		(460,710)	
Net Assets (GAAP)	\$	12,659,184	

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2012 -continued-

NOTE 3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

The Town may invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury or the State of Texas, certain U.S. agencies, certificates of deposit, money market savings accounts, certain municipal securities, repurchase agreements, common trust funds and investments specifically allowed by the Public Funds Investment Act of 1987 (Article 842a-2 Vernon's Civil Statutes).

At September 30, 2012, the government's carrying amount of deposits was \$7,878,597 and the bank balance of the government's deposits was \$8,590,924. Of the bank balance, \$501,042 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$8,089,882 was covered by collateral held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the government's name.

In compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the Town has adopted a deposit and investment policy. That policy addresses the following risks:

- a. Custodial Credit Risk Deposits: In the case of deposits this is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposits may not be returned to it. The Town's policy regarding types of deposits allowed and collateral requirements is: the Depository may be a state bank authorized and regulated under Texas law; a national bank, savings and loan association, or savings bank authorized and regulated by federal law; or a savings and loan association or savings bank organized under Texas law; but shall not be any bank the deposits of which are not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). The Town is not exposed to custodial credit risk for its deposits, as all are covered by depository insurance and pledged securities.
- b. Custodial Credit Risk Investments: For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town investments are with the Texas Local Government Investment Pool ("TexPool") and Lone Star Investment Pool ("LoneStar"). The pools are public funds investment pools created to provide a safe environment for the placement of local government funds in authorized short-term investments. Local investment pools operate in a manner consistent with the Security and Exchange Commission's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. The reported value of the pools is the same as the fair value of the pool shares. The Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts exercises oversight responsibility over TexPool. Administration of LoneStar is performed by a Board of Directors, which is an administrative agency created under the Interlocal Act. The Town is not exposed to custodial credit risk for its investments.
- c. Credit Risk This is the risk that an issuer of an investment will be unable to fulfill its obligations. The rating of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies is designed to give an indication of credit risk. The credit quality rating for TexPool at year end was AAAm by Standard & Poor's. The credit quality rating for LoneStar and TexStar at year end was Aaa by Moody's Investor Service.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2012 -continued-

NOTE 3. <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS</u> (continued)

A. Deposits and Investments (continued)

- d. Interest Rate Risk This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Town manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to less than one year from the time of purchase. The weighted average maturity for the Town's investment in external investment pools is less than 60 days.
- e. Foreign Currency Risk This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Town is not exposed to foreign currency risk.
- f. Concentration of Credit Risk This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Town's investment in a single issuer (i.e., lack of diversification). Concentration risk is defined as positions of 5 percent or more in the securities of a single issuer. It is the Town's policy to not allow for a concentration of credit risk. Investments issued by the U. S. Government and investments in investment pools are excluded from the 5 percent disclosure requirement. The Town is not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

At year end, the government's investment balances were as follows:

	Fair
	<u>Value</u>
Texpool Investment Pool	\$ 6,856,052
LoneStar Investment Pool	<u>2,841,339</u>
Total Investments	\$ <u>9,697,391</u>

A reconciliation of cash and investments as shown on the Statement of Net Assets is as follows:

Cash on Hand	\$ 900	
Carrying Amount of Deposits	7,878,597	
Carrying Amount of Investments	9,697,391	
Total	\$ <u>17,576,888</u>	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Unrestricted	\$ 16,688,528	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted	888,360	
Total	\$ <u>17,576,888</u>	

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2012 -continued-

NOTE 3. <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS</u> (continued)

B. Receivables

Receivables at September 30, 2012 consist of the following:

	General	Debt Service	Nonmajor Governmental	Water and Sewer	
	Fund	<u>Fund</u>	Funds	Fund	Total
Property Taxes	25,544	24,635	-	-	50,179
Sales Taxes	237,206	-	237,206	-	474,412
Franchise Taxes	169,560	-	-	-	169,560
Utility Bills	37,598	-	-	421,747	459,345
Other	1,911				1,911_
Gross Receivables	471,819	24,635	237,206	421,747	1,155,407
Less: Allowance for Uncollectibles	(566)			(12,177)	(12,743)
Net Total Receivables	\$ 471,253	24,635	237,206	409,570	1,142,664

Taxes are levied on October 1 and are payable until February 1 without penalty. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of February 1. No discounts are allowed for early payment. Penalty is calculated after February 1 up to the date collected by the government at the rate of 6% for the first month and increased 1% per month up to a total of 12%. Interest is calculated after February 1 up to the date collected by the government at the rate of 1% per month. Under state law, property taxes on real property constitute a lien on the property and cannot be forgiven without specific approval of the State Legislature. The lien expires at the end of twenty years. Taxes applicable to personal property may be deemed uncollectible by the government. The government's current policy is to write-off uncollectible personal property taxes after four years.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2012 -continued-

$NOTE \ 3. \quad \underline{DETAILED \ NOTES \ ON \ ALL \ FUNDS} \ (continued)$

C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2012 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 2,398,700	735,260	-	3,133,960
Construction in Progress		725,429		725,429
Total Capital Assets Not Being				
Depreciated	2,398,700	1,460,689	-	3,859,389
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Infrastructure	9,442,822	114,953	-	9,557,775
Buildings and Improvements	10,313,163	163,562	-	10,476,725
Furniture and Equipment	2,688,241	78,250	-	2,766,491
Vehicles	515,664	337,696	(25,000)	828,360
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated	22,959,890	694,461	(25,000)	23,629,351
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(3,109,935)	(881,628)	25,000	(3,966,563)
Total Capital Assets Being	<u> </u>			
Depreciated, Net	19,849,955	(187, 167)	-	19,662,788
Governmental Activities Capital				
Assets, Net	\$22,248,655	1,273,522	-	23,522,177
,				
	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Business-Type Activities:				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 113,384	_	_	113,384
Construction in Progress	-	64,942	_	64,942
Total Capital Assets Not Being				0 1,0 12
Depreciated	113,384	64,942	-	178,326
D oprociation				
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Utility Plant	18,032,848	_	_	18,032,848
Buildings and Improvements	12,271	_	-	12,271
Furniture and Equipment	200,045	_	_	200,045
Vehicles	63,314	_	_	63,314
Total Capital Assets Being	00,011			00,011
Depreciated	18,308,478	_	_	18,308,478
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(3,458,215)	(460,710)	_	(3,918,925)
Total Capital Assets Being	(0,400,210)	(400,710)		(0,010,020)
Depreciated, Net	14,850,263	(460,710)		14,389,553
Business-Type Activities Capital	14,000,200	(400,710)		
Assets, Net	\$14,963,647	(395,768)	_	14,567,879
TERROUS, TYOU	ψ14,000,041	(555, 100)		14,001,013

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2012 -continued-

NOTE 3. <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS</u> (continued)

C. Capital Assets (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Government Activities:

General Government	\$ 220,407
Public Safety	317,386
Public Works	335,019
Parks and Recreation	8,816
Total Depreciation Expense - Government Activities	\$ <u>881,628</u>
Business-Type Activities:	
Water and Sewer	$\frac{460,710}{}$
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activities	\$ <u>460,710</u>

D. Interfund Transfers

	Transfer In:			
	General	Capital	Water and	_
Transfer Out:	Fund	Projects	Sewer	Total
General Fund	\$ -	958,052	-	958,052
Debt Service	-	-	845,253	845,253
Water and Sewer	327,200	-	-	327,200
Community Development Corporation		190,000		190,000
Total	\$ 327,200	1,148,052	845,253	2,320,505

Purpose of Transfers

To pay its share of administration and related costs, the Water and Sewer Fund sent to the General Fund \$300,000. The transfer from the Debt Service Fund to the Water and Sewer Fund in the amount of \$845,253 was for specific debt service payments. The transfer from the General Fund and the Community Development Corporation to the Capital Projects Fund was for construction.

E. Capital Leases

On January 13, 2009, the Town entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of fire department equipment. This lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments at the date of inception.

Pursuant to the time of the capital lease agreement, the Town will be required to make minimum payments as follows:

Year Ending	<u>Payment</u>
2013	4,941
Total Minimum Lease Payments	4,941
Less: Amount Representing Interest	<u>-</u> _
Present Value of Future Minimum Lease Payments	\$ <u>4,941</u>

This is a non-interest bearing lease.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2012 -continued-

NOTE 3. <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS</u> (continued)

F. Long-Term Debt

The Town issues general obligation debt (in the form of general obligation bonds and certificates of obligation) to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. These issues are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the Town. General obligation debt outstanding as of September 30, 2012, is as follows:

	Original	Year of	Final	Interest	Balance
Purpose	Amount	Issue	Maturity	Rates	9/30/12
General Obligation Bonds:					
Improvements	\$ 2,830,000	2007	2027	4.00% - $4.25%$	\$ 2,320,000
Certificates of Obligation:					
Improvements	1,135,000	2005	2025	3.87%	830,000
Improvements	300,000	2006	2026	4.00% - $4.15%$	232,636
Improvements	1,129,780	2007	2027	4.00% - $4.25%$	926,663
Improvements	3,435,000	2008	2028	3.00% - $4.35%$	2,945,000
Improvements	3,300,000	2009	2029	2.50% - 4.30%	2,925,000
Improvements	3,100,000	2010	2030	2.00% - 4.00%	2,860,000
Improvements	1,665,000	2012	2032	.5% - 3.815%	1,665,000
Improvements	3,065,000	2012	2032	.5% - 3.815%	3,065,000
Total Certificates of Obligation					15,449,299
Total General Obligation Debt					\$17,769,299

Long-term debt activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Retirements	Balance	One Year
Bonds/Certificates of Obligation	\$13,631,299	4,730,000	(592,000)	17,769,299	779,430
Capital Leases	9,882	-	(4,941)	4,941	4,941
Compensated Absences	166,121	156,075	(166, 121)	156,075	156,075
Total	\$13,807,302	4,886,075	(763,062)	17,930,315	940,446

The bonds/certificates of obligation will be repaid by the Debt Service Fund. The capital leases and compensated absences will be paid by the General Fund.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2012 -continued-

NOTE 3. <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS</u> (continued)

F. Long-Term Debt (continued)

The annual requirements to amortize the bonded debt outstanding for the debt service fund, as of September 30, 2012, are as follows:

Fiscal			
Year Ending	Principal	Interest	Total
2013	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	652,100	1,431,550
2014	811,300	617,870	1,429,170
2015	838,750	594,960	1,433,710
2016	866,200	567,483	1,433,683
2017	898,650	540,187	1,438,837
2018	920,500	510,174	1,430,674
2019	957,950	476,819	1,434,769
2020	982,250	442,289	1,424,539
2021	1,034,700	405,677	1,440,377
2022	1,064,600	366,157	1,430,757
2023	1,102,050	325,071	1,427,121
2024	1,156,350	280,280	1,436,630
2025	1,189,400	233,541	1,422,941
2026	1,165,936	184,659	1,350,595
2027	1,196,213	136,398	1,332,611
2028	950,000	92,797	1,042,797
2029	720,000	59,333	779,333
2030	510,000	35,694	545,694
2031	305,000	20,763	325,763
2032	320,000	9,788	329,788
Total	\$ 17,769,299	6,552,040	24,321,339

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2012 -continued-

NOTE 3. <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS</u> (continued)

F. Long-Term Debt (continued)

The Town issues water and sewer fund revenue bonds and certificates of obligation where the Town pledges income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay the debt service. Water and sewer fund debt outstanding as of September 30, 2012, was as follows:

D	Original	Year of	Final	Interest	Balance
Purpose	Amount	Issue	<u>Maturity</u>	Rates	9/30/12
General Obligation Bonds:	\$3,470,000	2009	2018	2.00%- $4.00%$	2,465,000
	2,325,000	2012	2022	2.09%	2,310,000
Total General Obligation Bond	s				4,775,000
Certificates of Obligation:					
Improvements	2,000,000	2004	2024	4.00%- $4.70%$	1,415,000
Improvements	2,180,000	2006	2026	4.00%- $4.15%$	1,687,364
Improvements	1,930,220	2007	2027	4.00%- $4.25%$	1,578,337_
Total Certificates of Obligation					4,680,701
Total					\$9,455,701

Water and sewer fund debt activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Retirements	Balance	One Year
Certificates of Obligation	\$ 7,278,701	-	(2,598,000)	4,680,701	265,550
General Obligation Bonds	2,800,000	2,325,000	(350,000)	4,775,000	475,000
Compensated Absences	18,213	20,787	(18,213)	20,787	20,787
Total	\$ 10,096,914	2,345,787	(2,966,213)	9,476,488	761,337

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2012 -continued-

NOTE 3. <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)</u>

F. Long-term Debt (continued)

Annual requirements to amortize all bonded debt outstanding for the water and sewer fund as of September 30, 2012, are as follows:

Fiscal			
Year			
Ending	Principal	Interest	Total
2013	\$ 740,550	328,070	1,068,620
2014	773,700	304,264	1,077,964
2015	791,250	279,471	1,070,721
2016	893,800	254,029	1,147,829
2017	931,350	220,773	1,152,123
2018	959,500	185,996	1,145,496
2019	677,050	149,963	827,013
2020	702,750	128,690	831,440
2021	725,300	106,424	831,724
2022	755,400	83,184	838,584
2023	392,950	58,842	451,792
2024	413,650	41,376	455,026
2025	275,600	26,790	302,390
2026	284,064	15,093	299,157
2027	138,787_	2,945_	141,732
Total	\$ 9,455,701	2,185,910	11,641,611

G. Restricted assets

The balances of the restricted asset accounts in the enterprise funds are as follows:

Customer Deposits	\$ 106,522
Accrued Interest Payable	41,288
Current Revenue CO's Payable	265,550
Current GO Bonds Payable	<u>475,000</u>
Total Restricted Assets	\$ <u>888,360</u>

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2012 -continued-

NOTE 4. OTHER INFORMATION

Α. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The government is a participant in the Texas Municipal League Workers' Compensation Joint Insurance Fund (WC Fund) and the Texas Municipal League Joint Self-Insurance Fund (Property-Liability Fund), a public entity risk pool operated by the Texas Municipal League Board for the benefit of individual governmental units located with Texas. The Town pays an annual premium to the Funds for its workers' compensation and property and liability insurance coverage. The WC Fund and Property-Liability Fund are considered self-sustaining risk pools that provide coverage for its members for up to \$2,000,000 per insured event. There was no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the previous year. Settled claims for risks have not exceeded insurance coverage for the past three years.

В. Retirement System

Plan Description

The government provides pension benefits for all of its full-time employees through a nontraditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit plan in the state-wide Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system. The plan provisions that have been adopted by the government are within the options available in the governing statutes of TMRS.

TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information (RSI) for TMRS; the report also provides detailed explanations of the contributions, benefits, and actuarial methods and assumptions used by the System. This report may be obtained from TMRS' website at www.tmrs.com.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the government, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS. Plan provisions for the government were as follows:

	<u>Plan Year 2010</u>	Plan Year 2012
Employee deposit rate	6%	7%
Matching ratio (city to employee)	2 to 1	2 to 1
Years required for vesting	5	5
Service retirement eligibility		
(expressed as age/ years of service)	60/5, 0/25	60/5, 0/25
Updated Service Credit	100% Repeating, Transfers	100% Repeating, Transfers
Annuity increase (to retirees)	0% of CPI	0% of CPI

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2012 -continued-

NOTE 4. OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

B. Retirement System (continued)

Contributions:

Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each government is determined annually by the actuary, using the Projected Unit Credit actuarial cost method. This rate consists of the normal cost contribution rate and the prior service cost contribution rate, which is calculated to be a level percent of payroll from year to year. The normal cost contribution rate finances the portion of an active member's projected benefit allocated annually; the prior service contribution rate amortizes the unfunded (overfunded) actuarial liability (asset) over the applicable period for that government. Both the normal cost and prior service contribution rates include recognition of the projected impact of annually repeating benefits, such as Updated Service Credits and Annuity Increases.

The government contributes to the TMRS Plan at an actuarially determined rate. Both the employees and the government make contributions monthly. Since the government needs to know its contribution rate in advance for budgetary purposes, there is a one-year delay between the actuarial valuation that serves as the basis for the rate and the calendar year when the rate goes into effect.

The annual pension cost and net pension obligation/(asset) are as follows:

	Three-Ye	_		
Fiscal			Percentage	_
Year	Annu	ıal Pension	of APC	
Ended	Cost (AP	C) Contributed	Obligation	Net Pension
	-			
9/30/10	\$	148,451	100%	\$0
9/30/11	\$	220,029	100%	\$0
9/30/12	\$	231,342	100%	\$0

The required contribution rates for fiscal year 2012 were determined as part of the December 31, 2008 and 2009 actuarial valuations. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation, December 31, 2010, also follows:

<u>Valuation Date</u>	12/31/2009	12/31/2010	12/31/2011
Actuarial Cost Method	Projected Unit	Projected Unit	Projected Unit
	Credit	Credit	Credit
Amortization Method	Level Percent	Level Percent	Level Percent
	of Payroll	of Payroll	of Payroll
GASB 25 Equivalent Single	23 Years;	25.7 Years;	25.1 Years;
Amortization Period	Closed Period	Closed Period	Closed Period
Amortization Period for New Gains/Losses	25 Years	25 Years	25 Years
Asset Valuation Method	10 - Year Smoothed Market -continue	10 - Year Smoothed Market ed-	10 - Year Smoothed Market

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2012 -continued-

NOTE 4. OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

B. Retirement System (continued)

Contributions (continued)

<u>Valuation Date</u> Actuarial Assumptions:	<u>12/31/2009</u>	12/31/2010	<u>12/31/2011</u>
Investment Rate of Return*	7.5%	7.0%	7.00%
Projected Salary Increases*	Varies by Age and Service	Varies by Age and Service	Varies by Age and Service
* Includes Inflation at	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

The funded status as of December 31, 2011, under the two separate actuarial valuations, is presented as follows:

Schedule of Funding Progress for TMRS (Dollar Amounts in Thousands)

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b) - (a)	Funded Ratio (a)/(b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll [(b)-(a)]/(c)
12/31/09	1,340	1,771	431	75.7	\$ 1,894	22.7%
12/31/10	1,754	2,608	854	67.3	\$ 2,226	32.7%
12/31/11	2,256	3,125	869	72.2	\$ 2,579	27.8%

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2012 -continued-

NOTE 4. OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

B. Retirement System (continued)

Funded Status and Funding Progress (continued)

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Actuarial calculations are based on the benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each valuation, and reflect a long-term perspective. Consistent with that perspective, actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets. The schedule of funding progress above, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability of benefits.

NOTE 5. EVALUATION OF SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The City has evaluated subsequent events through February 20, 2013, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Court:

This fund is used to account for funds and forfeitures restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Economic Development Corporation:

This fund is used to account for state sales tax revenue restricted to expenditure for economic development

Community Development Corporation

This fund is used to account for state sales tax revenue restricted to expenditure for community development.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds September 30, 2012

	Sp	Total		
		Economic	Community	Nonmajor
		Development	Development	Governmental
	Court	Corporation	Corporation	Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 107,202	1,019,337	734,870	1,861,409
Receivables (Net of Allowance			·	
for Uncollectibles):				
Sales Taxes	-	118,603	118,603	237,206
Total Assets	\$ 107,202	1,137,940_	853,473	2,098,615
LIABILITIES & FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts Payable Accrued Wages Total Liabilities	\$ - - -	$ \begin{array}{r} 2,780 \\ \hline 2,780 \end{array} $	- - -	2,780 2,780
Fund Balances: Restricted:				
Court	107,202	-	-	107,202
Economic Development	· -	1,135,160	-	1,135,160
Community Development	-	- -	853,473	853,473
Total Fund Balance	107,202	1,135,160	853,473	2,095,835
Total Liabilities & Fund Balances	\$ 107,202	1,137,940	853,473	2,098,615

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds September 30, 2012

	Spe	Total		
		Economic	Community	Nonmajor
		Development	Development	Governmental
	Court	Corporation	Corporation	Funds
REVENUES:				
Sales Taxes	\$ -	708,945	708,945	1,417,890
Fines and Forfeitures	18,135	· -	· -	18,135
Interest Income	-	1,846	1,628	3,474
Total Revenues	18,135	710,791	710,573	1,439,499
				,,
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Economic Development	_	814,081	_	814,081
Community Development	_	-	778,009	778,009
Municipal Court	1,429	_	-	1,429
Total Expenditures	1,429	814,081	778,009	1,593,519
P				
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over/(Under) Expenditures	16,706	(103,290)	(67,436)	(154,020)
r	-,	(,,	(,,	(- , /
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USE	S):			
Transfers Out	<u>-</u>		(190,000)	(190,000)
Net Change in Fund Balances	16,706	(103,290)	(257, 436)	(344,020)
Fund Balances - Beginning	90,496	1,238,450	1,110,909	2,439,855
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 107,202	1,135,160	853,473	2,095,835

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Budget and Actual - Proprietary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for Sales and Services	\$ 3,177,979	3,263,818	4,014,686	750,868
Total Operating Revenues	3,177,979	3,263,818	4,014,686	750,868
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Water Purchases	1,412,839	1,412,839	1,338,633	74,206
Personnel Services	555,548	520,545	617,321	(96,776)
Repairs & Maintenance	47,500	62,100	84,865	(22,765)
Operations	739,922	1,307,799	963,376	344,423
Total Operating Expenses	2,755,809	3,303,283	3,004,195	299,088
Operating Income (Loss)	422,170	(39,465)	1,010,491	1,049,956
NONOPERATING REVENUES/(EXPENSE	ES)			
Interest Revenue	- -	2,600	3,628	1,028
Interest Expense	_	(416,816)	(372,139)	44,677
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		(414,216)	(368,511)	45,705
Total Tolloperating Hevertues (Empenses)		(111,210)	(000,011)	10,100
Net Income (Loss) Before Transfers	422,170	(453,681)	641,980	1,095,661
Transfers In	-	984,816	845,253	(139,563)
Transfers Out	(300,000)	-	(327,200)	(327,200)
Total Transfers	(300,000)	984,816	518,053	(466,763)
Change in Net Assets	122,170	531,135	1,160,033	628,898
Net Assets - Beginning	11,959,861	11,959,861	11,959,861	
Net Assets - Ending	\$12,082,031	12,490,996	13,119,894	628,898

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Town of Fairview's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Contents

Financial Trends	8
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity6	4
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue sources, the property tax and water & sewer revenues.	
Debt Capacity7	6
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	4
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information	;7
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

Net Assets by Component Last Nine Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

	Fiscal Year				
		2004	2005	2006	2007
Governmental Activities					
Invest in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	\$	1,755	2,069	2,584	4,651
Restricted		-	193	787	2,013
Unrestricted		3	1,140	2,666	1,961
Total Governmental Activities Net Assets	\$	1,758	3,402	6,037	8,625
Business-Type Activities					
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	\$	1,018	1,079	1,918	762
Restricted		-	1,037	2,180	4,071
Unrestricted		2,717	1,933	1,825	3,169
Total Business-Type Activities Net Assets	\$	3,735	4,049	5,923	8,002
Primary Government					
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	\$	2,773	3,148	4,502	5,413
Restricted		-	1,230	2,967	6,084
Unrestricted		2,720	3,073	4,491	5,130
Total Primary Government Net Assets	\$	5,493	7,451	11,960	16,627

Note: Additional years will be added each year until ten years are reported.

2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
(2,336)	6,330	7,104	8,608	9,526
8,942	1,810	2,118	2,805	2,692
5,450	5,217	5,907	4,598	4,326
12,056	13,357	15,129	16,011	16,544
955	1,239	4,228	4,885	5,112
3,102	2,413	147	-	-
5,326	5,974	5,952	7,075	$7,\!574$
9,383	9,626	10,327	11,960	12,686
(1,381)	7,569	11,332	13,493	14,638
12,044	4,223	$2,\!265$	2,805	2,692
10,776	11,191	11,859	11,673	11,900
21,439	22,983	25,456	27,971	29,230

Changes in Net Assets
Last Nine Fiscal Years
(Accrual Basis of Accounting)
(Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

	Fiscal Year			
	2004	2005	2006	2007
EXPENSES				
Governmental Activities				
General Government	\$ 689	947	860	796
Public Safety	643	871	929	1,365
Municipal Cournt	29	53	87	120
Public Works	418	470	608	656
Parks and Recreation	18	36	26	31
Economic Development	2	4	12	6
Community Development	-	-	-	-
Interest and Fiscal Charges	352	248	237	355
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	2,151	2,629	2,759	3,329
Business-Type Activities:				
Water and Sewer	1,464	1,775	2,191	2,517
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses	1,464	1,775	2,191	2,517
Total Primary Government Expenses	3,615	4,404	4,950	5,846
PROGRAM REVENUES				
Governmental Activities				
Charges for Services:				
General Government	940	1,458	1,808	1,363
Public Safety	8	9	295	-,
Public Works	65	164	-	_
Parks and Recreation	-	-	-	-
Operating Grants and Contributions	38	16	34	378
Capital Grants and Contributions		-	451	-
Total Governmental Activities			101	
Program Revenues	1,051	1,647	2,588	1,741
Business-Type Activities:				
Charges for Services:				
Water and Sewer	1,667	2,411	3,684	2,374
Capital Grants and Contributions	-	-	-	253
Total Busines-Type Activities				
Program Revenues	1,667	2,411	3,684	2,627
Total Primary Government				
Program Revenues	2,718	4,058	6,272	4,368
Net (Expense)/Revenue:				
Governmental Activities	(1,100)	(982)	(171)	(1,588)
Business-Type Activities	203	636	1,493	110
Total Primary Government Net Expense	\$ (897)	(346)	1,322	(1,478)

2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
1,213	1,660	1,452	1,870	1,404
1,380	1,980	2,626	3,235	3,520
85	119	124	132	127
1,194	1,072	886	1,097	1,213
23	82	77	84	84
8	16	30	384	814
-	405	420	360 7 91	778 505
$\frac{383}{4,286}$	$\frac{435}{5,364}$	$\frac{464}{6,079}$	531 7,693	$\frac{505}{8,445}$
4,200	5,504	0,073	7,033	0,440
2,884	3,022	3,102	3,212	3,837
2,884	3,022	3,102	3,212	3,837
7,170	8,386	9,181	10,905	12,282
678	592	298	88	100
263	244	323	338	267
436	546	1,052	1,226	985
-	4	-	-	-
111	47	55 5.4	85	153
	71	74	65	176
1,488	1,504	1,802	1,802	1,681
				1,001
3,029	3,128	3,205	4,110	4,015
344				
3,373	3,128	3,205	4,110	4,015
	<u> </u>			
4,861	4,632	5,007	5,912	5,696
(2,798)	(3,860)	(4,277)	(5,891)	(6,764)
(4,190)	(5,000)	(4,411)	(0,031)	(0,704)
489	106	103	898	178
(0.000)	(o == :)		(4.000)	(0.700)
(2,309)	(3,754)	(4,174)	(4,993)	(6,586)

Changes in Net Assets
Last Nine Fiscal Years
(Accrual Basis of Accounting)
(Amounts Expressed in Thousands)
(Contined)

	Fiscal Year			
	2004	2005	2006	2007
GENERAL REVENUES AND OTHER CHARGE	$\overline{\mathbf{S}}$			
IN NET ASSETS				
Governmental Activities				
Taxes				
Property Taxes	\$ 1,29	96 1,632	1,971	2,401
Sales Taxes	18	52 319	454	586
Franchise Taxes	,	72 160	282	388
Mixed Beverage Taxes	-	-	-	-
Investment Earnings	-	12 37	179	317
Miscellaneous	Ç	92 50	90	134
Gain/(Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets	-	-	-	-
Transfers	(1,36)	68) 427	(170)	(314)
Total Governmental Activities	25	56 2,625	2,806	3,512
Business-Type Activities:				
Investment Earnings		31 105	210	358
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	-	-	-	-
Transfers	1,36	69 (427)	170	314
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses	1,40	00 (322)	380	672
Total Primary Government Expenses	1,68	56 2,303	3,186	4,184
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS				
Governmental Activities	(84	1,643	2,635	1,924
Business-Type Activities	1,60	03 314	1,873	782
Total Primary Government Net Expense	\$ 75	591,957	4,508	2,706

Note: Additional years will be added until ten years are reported.

2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
3,207	3,554	3,857	4,146	4,282
587	924	1,877	2,608	2,767
469	461	458	605	608
-	-	-	-	34
413	227	39	33	25
89	103	91	179	126
1,928	-	313	-	-
(494)	(86)	(586)	(741)	(545)
6,199	5,183	6,049	6,830	7,297
245	52	12	3	3
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
494	86	587	741	545
739	138	599	744	548
0.000	F 991	0.040	- F 4	5 0 4 5
6,938	5,321	6,648	7,574	7,845
3,401	1,323	1,772	939	533
•	•	•		
1,228	244	702	1,642	726
4,629	1,567	2,474	2,581	1,259

Governmental Activities Tax Revenue by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

Fiscal Year	Property Tax	Sales Tax	Franschise Tax	Total
2003	\$ 1,161	111	147	1,419
2004	1,295	152	72	1,519
2005	1,632	319	160	2,111
2006	1,970	454	282	2,706
2007	2,401	586	388	3,375
2008	3,207	587	469	4,263
2009	3,554	924	462	4,940
2010	3,857	1,877	458	6,192
2011	4,146	2,608	605	7,359
2012	4,282	2,767	608	7,657

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Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Nine Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

	Fiscal Year				
	2	004	2005	2006	2007
General Fund		_		_	
Unassigned	\$	27	1,186	2,716	3,179
Total General Fund	\$	27	1,186	2,716	3,179
All Other Governmental Funds					
Nonspendable	\$	-	-	-	-
Restricted		-	25	399	1,292
Assigned		14	168	388	698
Unassigned			- -	<u>-</u>	22
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$	14	193	787	2,012

Note: Additional years will be added each year until ten years are reported.

2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
E 979	E 004	C 0.05	4 690	4 091
5,373	5,084	6,065	4,628	4,231
5,373	5,084	6,065	4,628	4,231
-	-	-	-	-
7,846	7,666	302	2,779	6,445
1,040	1,485	1,786	-	-
8,886	9,151	2,088	2,779	6,445

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Nine Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Acounting) (Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

REVENUES 2004 2005 2006 2007 Taxes \$ 1,518 2,085 2,709 3,387 Licencses and Permits 825 1,310 1,575 693 Intergovernmental 26 - 182 171 Charges for Services - - - 450 Fines 65 164 281 220 Investment Earnings 12 38 179 316 Other Fees 45 61 369 207 Miscellaneous 181 161 272 135 Total Revenues 2,672 3,819 5,567 5,579 EXPENDITURES 2 860 858 823 Public Gafety 556 798 909 1,289 Public Works 344 394 418 639 Parks and Recreation - - - - - Municipal Court 28 53 87 119 <		Fiscal Year					
Taxes		2004	2005	2006	2007		
Licencese and Permits 825 1,310 1,575 693 Intergovernmental 26 . 182 171 Charges for Services 450 Fines 65 164 281 220 450 . <t< th=""><th>REVENUES</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></t<>	REVENUES						
Intergovernmental	Taxes	\$ 1,518	2,085	2,709	3,387		
Charges for Services - - 450 Fines 65 164 281 220 Investment Earnings 12 38 179 316 Other Fees 45 61 369 207 Miscellaneous 181 161 272 135 Total Revenues 2,672 3,819 5,567 5,579 EXPENDITURES 860 858 823 Public Safety 586 798 909 1,289 Public Works 344 394 418 639 Parks and Recreation - 1 1 1 2 4 Inspections -	Licencses and Permits	825	1,310	1,575	693		
Fines 65 164 281 220 Investment Earnings 12 38 179 316 Other Fees 45 61 369 207 Miscellaneous 181 161 272 135 Total Revenues 2,672 3,819 5,567 5,579 EXPENDITURES 860 858 823 Public Safety 586 798 909 1,289 Public Works 344 394 418 639 Parks and Recreation - 1 12 4 Inspections - - 1 12 4 Inspections -	Intergovernmental	26	-	182	171		
Investment Earnings	Charges for Services	-	-	-	450		
Other Fees 45 61 369 207 Miscellaneous 181 161 272 135 Total Revenues 2,672 3,819 5,567 5,579 EXPENDITURES General Government 659 860 858 823 Public Safety 586 798 909 1,289 Public Works 344 394 418 639 Parks and Recreation - 1 12 4 Inspections - - - - - Municipal Court 28 53 87 119 2 4 620 6 CommunityDevelopment 2 4 620 6 6 6 7 119 19 607 1 19 607 1 1 6 2 607 607 607 607 6 7 607 607 607 607 607 607 607 607		65	164	281	220		
Miscellaneous 181 161 272 135 Total Revenues 2,672 3,819 5,567 5,579 EXPENDITURES Secretary 860 858 823 Public Safety 586 798 909 1,289 Public Works 344 394 418 639 Parks and Recreation - 1 12 4 Inspections - - - - - Municipal Court 28 53 87 119 Economic Development 2 4 620 6 CommunityDevelopment 2 4 620 6 CommunityDevelopment 3,259 336 426 510 Debt Service: - - - 607 Debt Service: - - - 607 Debt Service of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures 2,731 (517) 1,996 1,338 Transfers In 1,711 987	Investment Earnings	12	38	179	316		
Total Revenues 2,672 3,819 5,567 5,579	Other Fees	45	61	369	207		
EXPENDITURES General Government 659 860 858 823 Public Safety 586 798 909 1,289 Public Works 344 394 418 639 Parks and Recreation - 1 12 4 4 18 18 19 19 19 19 19 19	Miscellaneous	181		272	135		
General Government 659 860 858 823 Public Safety 586 798 909 1,289 Public Works 344 394 418 639 Parks and Recreation - 1 12 4 Inspections - - - - - Municipal Court 28 53 87 119 Economic Development 2 4 620 6 Community Development - - - - - Capital Outlay 181 1,692 - 607 Debt Service: - - - 607 Debt Service: - - - 607 Debt Service Percentage of 3,259 336 426 510 Interest 344 198 241 244 Total Expenditures (2,731) (517) 1,996 1,338 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES) Transfers In	Total Revenues	2,672	3,819	5,567	5,579		
General Government 659 860 858 823 Public Safety 586 798 909 1,289 Public Works 344 394 418 639 Parks and Recreation - 1 12 4 Inspections - - - - - Municipal Court 28 53 87 119 Economic Development 2 4 620 6 Community Development - - - - - Capital Outlay 181 1,692 - 607 Debt Service: - - - 607 Debt Service: - - - 607 Debt Service Percentage of 3,259 336 426 510 Interest 344 198 241 244 Total Expenditures (2,731) (517) 1,996 1,338 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES) Transfers In	EXPENDITURES						
Public Works 344 394 418 639 Parks and Recreation - 1 12 4 Inspections - - - - - Municipal Court 28 53 87 119 Economic Development 2 4 620 6 CommunityDevelopment - - - - - Capital Outlay 181 1,692 - 607 Debt Service: - - - - - - 607 Debt Service: - 3,259 336 426 510 510 1 11 11 11 24 244		659	860	858	823		
Public Works 344 394 418 639 Parks and Recreation - 1 12 4 Inspections - - - - - Municipal Court 28 53 87 119 Economic Development 2 4 620 6 CommunityDevelopment - - - - - Capital Outlay 181 1,692 - 607 Debt Service: - - - - - - 607 Debt Service: - 3,259 336 426 510 510 1 11 11 11 24 244							
Inspections	· ·	344	394	418			
Municipal Court 28 53 87 119 Economic Development 2 4 620 6 CommunityDevelopment - - - - Capital Outlay 181 1,692 - 607 Debt Service: - - 607 Debt Service Percentage of - - - 607 Principal Service: 3,259 336 426 510 Interest 344 198 241 244 Total Expenditures (2,731) (517) 1,996 1,338 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES) Transfers In Transfers Out (3,080) (561) (695) (314) Bonds Issued 3,830 1,135 300 - Bond Issuance Premium/(Cost) - - - - Capital Leases - 290 - - Sale of Capital Assets - - - - Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)	Parks and Recreation	-	1	12	4		
Municipal Court 28 53 87 119 Economic Development 2 4 620 6 CommunityDevelopment - - - - Capital Outlay 181 1,692 - 607 Debt Service: - - 607 Debt Service Percentage of - - - 607 Principal Service: 3,259 336 426 510 Interest 344 198 241 244 Total Expenditures (2,731) (517) 1,996 1,338 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES) Transfers In Transfers Out (3,080) (561) (695) (314) Bonds Issued 3,830 1,135 300 - Bond Issuance Premium/(Cost) - - - - Capital Leases - 290 - - Sale of Capital Assets - - - - Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)	Inspections	-	-	-	-		
Economic Development 2 4 620 6 CommunityDevelopment - - - - Capital Outlay 181 1,692 - 607 Debt Service: - - 607 Debt Service Percentage of - - 607 Debt Service Percentage of - - 607 Debt Service Percentage of - - - 607 Debt Service Percentage of - <td< td=""><td></td><td>28</td><td>53</td><td>87</td><td>119</td></td<>		28	53	87	119		
CommunityDevelopment - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 607 Debt Service: Principal 3,259 336 426 510 510 510 1 1 244 244 244 244 244 244 -		2	4	620	6		
Capital Outlay 181 1,692 - 607 Debt Service: Principal Interest 3,259 336 426 510 Interest 344 198 241 244 Total Expenditures 5,403 4,336 3,571 4,241 Excess of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures (2,731) (517) 1,996 1,338 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES) Transfers In 1,711 987 525 - Transfers Out (3,080) (561) (695) (314) Bonds Issued 3,830 1,135 300 - Capital Leases - - - - Sale of Capital Assets - - - - - Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses) 2,461 1,851 130 (314) Net Change in Fund Balance \$ (270) 1,334 2,126 1,024	-	-	-	-	-		
Debt Service: Principal Interest 3,259 336 426 510 Interest 344 198 241 244 Total Expenditures 5,403 4,336 3,571 4,241 Excess of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures (2,731) (517) 1,996 1,338 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES) Transfers In 1,711 987 525 - Transfers Out (3,080) (561) (695) (314) Bonds Issued 3,830 1,135 300 - Capital Leases - 290 - - Sale of Capital Assets - 290 - - Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses) 2,461 1,851 130 (314) Net Change in Fund Balance \$ (270) 1,334 2,126 1,024		181	1,692	-	607		
Interest 344 198 241 244 Total Expenditures 5,403 4,336 3,571 4,241 Excess of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures (2,731) (517) 1,996 1,338 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES) Transfers In 1,711 987 525 - Transfers Out (3,080) (561) (695) (314) Bonds Issued 3,830 1,135 300 - Bond Issuance Premium/(Cost) - - - - Capital Leases - 290 - - Sale of Capital Assets - - - - Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses) 2,461 1,851 130 (314) Net Change in Fund Balance \$ (270) 1,334 2,126 1,024							
Total Expenditures 5,403 4,336 3,571 4,241 Excess of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures (2,731) (517) 1,996 1,338 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES) Transfers In 1,711 987 525 - Transfers Out (3,080) (561) (695) (314) Bonds Issued 3,830 1,135 300 - Bond Issuance Premium/(Cost) - - - - Capital Leases - 290 - - Sale of Capital Assets - - - - Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses) 2,461 1,851 130 (314) Net Change in Fund Balance \$ (270) 1,334 2,126 1,024	Principal	3,259	336	426	510		
Excess of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures (2,731) (517) 1,996 1,338 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES) Transfers In 1,711 987 525 - Transfers Out (3,080) (561) (695) (314) Bonds Issued 3,830 1,135 300 - Bond Issuance Premium/(Cost) - - - - Capital Leases - 290 - - Sale of Capital Assets - - - - Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses) 2,461 1,851 130 (314) Net Change in Fund Balance \$ (270) 1,334 2,126 1,024	•	·	198	241	244		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES) Transfers In 1,711 987 525 - Transfers Out (3,080) (561) (695) (314) Bonds Issued 3,830 1,135 300 - Bond Issuance Premium/(Cost) - - - - Capital Leases - 290 - - Sale of Capital Assets - - - - Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses) 2,461 1,851 130 (314) Net Change in Fund Balance \$ (270) 1,334 2,126 1,024	Total Expenditures	5,403	4,336	3,571	4,241		
Transfers In 1,711 987 525 - Transfers Out (3,080) (561) (695) (314) Bonds Issued 3,830 1,135 300 - Bond Issuance Premium/(Cost) - - - - - Capital Leases - 290 - - - Sale of Capital Assets - - - - - Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses) 2,461 1,851 130 (314) Net Change in Fund Balance \$ (270) 1,334 2,126 1,024 Debt Service Percentage of	Excess of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures	(2,731)	(517)	1,996	1,338		
Transfers In 1,711 987 525 - Transfers Out (3,080) (561) (695) (314) Bonds Issued 3,830 1,135 300 - Bond Issuance Premium/(Cost) - - - - - Capital Leases - 290 - - - Sale of Capital Assets - - - - - Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses) 2,461 1,851 130 (314) Net Change in Fund Balance \$ (270) 1,334 2,126 1,024 Debt Service Percentage of	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES)						
Transfers Out (3,080) (561) (695) (314) Bonds Issued 3,830 1,135 300 - Bond Issuance Premium/(Cost) - - - - - Capital Leases - 290 - - - Sale of Capital Assets - - - - - - Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses) 2,461 1,851 130 (314) Net Change in Fund Balance \$ (270) 1,334 2,126 1,024 Debt Service Percentage of		1,711	987	525	-		
Bonds Issued 3,830 1,135 300 - Bond Issuance Premium/(Cost) - - - - Capital Leases - 290 - - Sale of Capital Assets - - - - Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses) 2,461 1,851 130 (314) Net Change in Fund Balance \$ (270) 1,334 2,126 1,024 Debt Service Percentage of		·			(314)		
Bond Issuance Premium/(Cost) -	Bonds Issued			, ,	-		
Sale of Capital Assets -	Bond Issuance Premium/(Cost)	-	-	-	-		
Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses) 2,461 1,851 130 (314) Net Change in Fund Balance \$ (270) 1,334 2,126 1,024 Debt Service Percentage of	Capital Leases	-	290	-	-		
Net Change in Fund Balance \$ (270) 1,334 2,126 1,024 Debt Service Percentage of	Sale of Capital Assets	<u> </u>		<u>-</u>			
Debt Service Percentage of		2,461	1,851	130	(314)		
<u> </u>	Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (270)	1,334	2,126	1,024		
<u> </u>	Delta Consider Bernanderen C						
	<u> </u>	200%	14%	23%	21.6%		

2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
4,249	4,910	6,195	7,372	7,692
$\frac{4,249}{575}$	4,910 532	$\begin{array}{c} 5,195 \\ 527 \end{array}$	7.372 726	417
$\frac{575}{45}$	119	$\frac{527}{52}$	54	133
540	560	824	588	668
263	$\frac{360}{244}$	323	338	$\frac{363}{267}$
413	$\begin{array}{c} 244 \\ 227 \end{array}$	39	33	$\frac{207}{25}$
66	50	77	95	196
90	104	91	179	136 126
6,241	6,746	8,128	9,385	9,524
0,241	0,740	0,120	9,000	3,324
1,006	1,116	1,011	1,681	1,184
1,371	1,852	2,379	2,945	3,235
991	1,041	695	687	770
60	66	60	70	75
-	427	413	129	108
85	119	125	131	127
8	16	30	383	814
-	-	420	360	778
1,422	4,157	7,867	4,965	2,132
550	769	519	579	597
500	421	439	574	525
5,993	9,984	13,958	12,504	10,345
0,000	0,004	10,000	12,004	10,040
248	(3,238)	(5,830)	(3,119)	(821)
450	600	696	2,047	1,199
(945)	(686)	(1,283)	(2,788)	(1,744)
4,216	3,324	-	3,100	4,730
-	-	-	71	(94)
-	-	-	-	-
5,071	-	332	-	-
8,792	3,238	(255)	2,430	4,091
9.040		(6.085)	(689)	2 270
9,040	-	(6,085)	(009)	3,270
21.2%	13.5%	7.4%	18.1%	15.8%

General Governmental Tax Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

Fiscal Year	Property Tax	Sales Tax	Franschise Tax	Total
2003	\$ 1,160	111	147	1,418
2004	1,293	152	72	1,517
2005	1,606	319	160	2,085
2006	1,972	454	282	2,708
2007	2,413	586	388	3,387
2008	3,193	587	469	4,249
2009	3,525	924	462	4,911
2010	3,860	1,877	458	6,195
2011	4,157	2,608	605	7,370
2012	\$ 4,283	2,801	573	7,657

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Amounts Expressed in Thousands, Except per capita Amounts)

	Total	Total	Estimated	Assessed
Fiscal Year	Taxable	Direct	Actual	Value as a
Ended	Assessed	Tax	Taxable	Percentage of
September 30	Value	Rate	Value	Actual Value
2003	\$ 398,904	0.2900	398,904	100%
2004	440,706	0.2900	440,706	100%
2005	482,805	0.3300	482,805	100%
2005	402,000	0.5500	402,000	10070
2006	563,863	0.3450	563,863	100%
2007	874,933	0.3450	874,933	100%
2000	1 000 700	0.0050	1 000 700	1000/
2008	1,032,590	0.3650	1,032,590	100%
2009	1,129,998	0.3650	1,129,998	100%
_000	1,120,000	0.000	1,120,000	10070
2010	1,215,810	0.3650	1,215,810	100%
2011	$1,\!274,\!157$	0.3650	$1,\!274,\!157$	100%
9019	1 200 040	0.2000	1 200 949	1000/
2012	1,306,248	0.3600	1,306,248	100%

Source: Collin County Appraisal District

Property Tax Rates
Direct and Overlapping Governments
(Per \$100 of Assessed Value)
Last Ten Years

		Lovejoy		Collin	
		Independent		County	
Fiscal	Town of	School	Collin	Community	
Year	Fairview	District	County	College	Total
2003	0.2900	1.6000	0.2500	0.0919	2.2319
2004	0.2900	1.7030	0.2500	0.0919	2.3349
2005	0.3300	1.8234	0.2500	0.0906	2.4940
2006	0.3450	1.8234	0.2500	0.0894	2.5078
2007	0.3450	1.6934	0.2450	0.0877	2.3711
2008	0.3650	1.4763	0.2450	0.087	2.1733
2009	0.3650	1.5150	0.2425	0.0865	2.2090
2010	0.3650	1.5350	0.2425	0.0863	2.2288
2011	0.3650	1.5350	0.2400	0.0863	2.2263
2012	0.3600	1.5350	0.2400	0.0863	2.2213

Source: Applicable taxing entities.

Principal Property Taxpayers As of September 30, 2012

Taxpayers	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value
Village at Fairview	\$ 84,050,871	1	7.09%
Fairfield Fairview, LLP	23,880,500	2	2.02%
Dillards Properties, Inc.	22,858,474	3	1.93%
Macy's Retail Holdings, Inc.	17,575,546	4	1.48%
JC Penney Properties, Inc.	14,381,707	5	1.21%
Fairfield Cortona Lofts, LP	9,100,000	6	0.77%
VF Peripheral, LLC	7,501,932	7	0.63%
VFWFM, LP	6,690,283	8	0.56%
Whole Foods Market	4,961,126	9	0.42%
Lee Chong & Chang	3,262,700	10	0.28%
	\$ 194,263,139		16.39%

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Years

Collection Within the

Fiscal Year	Total Tax	Fiscal Year		Collection in	Total Collecti	on to Date
Ended September 30	Levy for Fiscal Year	Amount	Percent of Levy	Subsequent Years	Amount	Percent of Levy
2003	\$ 1,156,823	1,148,826	99.31%	7,115	1,155,941	99.92%
2004	1,278,048	1,267,590	99.18%	10,041	1,277,631	99.97%
2005	1,593,258	1,584,785	99.47%	7,725	1,592,510	99.95%
2006	1,945,329	1,926,782	99.05%	17,600	1,944,382	99.95%
2007	2,433,330	2,413,158	99.17%	18,560	2,431,718	99.93%
2008	3,230,044	3,193,341	98.86%	34,452	3,227,793	99.93%
2009	3,590,765	3,524,764	98.16%	63,294	3,588,058	99.92%
2010	3,923,291	3,859,866	98.38%	56,506	3,916,372	99.82%
2011	4,118,946	4,092,313	99.35%	15,296	4,107,609	99.72%
2012	\$ 4,253,982	4,231,752	99.48%	-	4,231,752	99.48%

Note: Includes General Fund and Debt Service fund.

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Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Nine Fiscal Years

(Amounts Expressed in Thousands, Except per capita Amounts)

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities					
Fiscal Year	Ob	eneral ligation Bonds	Notes	Capital Leases	General Obligation Bonds	Notes	Capital Leases	Total Primary Government
2004	\$	4,290	582	10	7,185	6	-	12,073
2005		5,238	443	290	8,832	-	-	14,803
2006		5,305	304	237	10,645	-	-	16,491
2007		5,056	156	123	10,194	-	-	15,529
2008		8,961	-	-	11,584	-	-	20,545
2009		11,557	-	83	11,378	-	-	23,018
2010		11,106	-	15	10,739	-	-	21,860
2011		13,631	-	10	10,079	-	-	23,720
2012	\$	17,770	-	5	9,456	-	-	27,231

Note: Details regarding the Town's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

 $^{^{1}}$ See the Schedule of Demographics and Economic Statistics on page 84 for personal income and population data.

	Per
C	apita ¹
\$	1,725
	2,115
	2,356
	2,218
	2,922
	3,224
	3,016
	3,247
\$	3,618
	\$

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Nine Fiscal Years

(Amounts Expressed in Thousands, Except per capita Amounts)

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Less: Amounts Available in Debt Service Fund	Total	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value ¹ of Property	Per Capita ²
2004	\$ 4,290	\$5	\$4,285	0.97%	\$ 612
2005	5,238	25	5,213	1.08%	745
2006	5,305	66	5,239	0.93%	748
2007	5,056	139	4,917	0.56%	702
2008	8,961	344	8,617	0.83%	1,225
2009	11,557	404	11,153	0.99%	1,562
2010	11,106	377	10,729	0.80%	1,480
2011	13,631	365	13,266	1.04%	1,816
2012	\$ 17,770	406	17,364	1.33%	2,307

Note: Details regarding the Town's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

See the Schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property on page 71 for property value.

² Population data can be found in the Schedule of Demographics and Economic Statistics on page 84.

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of September 30, 2012 (Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

Governmental Unit	Ou	Debt tstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable ¹	S	stimated hare of erlapping Debt
Debt Repaid with Property Taxes					
Lovejoy ISD	\$	137,105	87.59%		120,090
Collin County		393,210	1.70%		6,685
Collin College		50,136	1.77%		887
Total Overlapping Debt					127,662
Town of Fairview					17,769
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt				\$	145,431

Source: Assessed value data used to estimate applicable percentages provided by the Collin County Central Appraisal District. Debt outstanding data provided by the governmental units.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the Town. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by residents and businesses of the Town of Fairview. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying debt, of each overlapping government.

¹ The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the governmental unit's taxable assessed value that is within the government's boundaries and dividing it by the governmental unit's total taxable assessed value.

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Nine Fiscal Years (Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

				Fiscal
	2004	2005	2006	2007
Debt Limit	\$ 44,071	48,281	56,386	87,493
Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit	11,475	14,070	15,950	15,250
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 32,596	34,211	40,436	72,243
Total Net Debt Applicable to the Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit	26.04%	29.14%	28.29%	17.43%

Note: Under state finance law, the Town of Fairview's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 10 percent of total assessed property value. By law, the general obligation debt subject to the limitation may be offset by amounts set aside for repaying general obligation bonds.

Year				
2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
103,259	113,000	121,581	127,416	130,625
20,545	22,935	21,845	23,710	27,226
82,714	90,065	99,736	103,706	103,399
19.90%	20.30%	17.97%	18.61%	20.84%

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2012

Assessed Value	\$1,306,248
Debt Limit (10% of Total Assessed Value)	130,625
Debt Applicable to Limit: General Obligation Bonds Less: Amount Set Asside for Repayment	27,225
of General Obligation Debt	(381)
Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit	26,844
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 103,781

Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years (Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds

Tr. 1	CI	Less:	Net	D 1+ 0		
Fiscal Year	Charges and Other	Operating Expenses	Available Revenue	Debt Ser Principal	Interest	Coverage
Tear	and Other	Expenses	Hevenue	Timeipai	IIICICSU	Coverage
2003	1,440	875	565	40	394	1.30
2004	3,463	1,492	1,971	955	370	1.49
2005	3,012	2,271	741	353	426	0.95
2006	4,544	2,259	2,285	367	412	2.93
2007	3,785	2,525	1,260	451	476	1.36
2008	6,469	5,241	1,228	541	560	1.12
2009	3,866	3,144	722	310	478	0.92
2010	4,304	3,141	1,163	639	461	1.06
2011	5,134	3,054	2,080	660	438	1.89
2012	4,863	3,765	1,098	598	372	1.13

Note:

Details regarding the Town's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

See the Schedule of Demographics and Economic Statistics on page 84 for personal income and population data.

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Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

		_		(2)		
	(1)		Personal	Per	(9)	(2)
T7: 1	(1)		Income	Capita	(2)	(3)
Fiscal	Estimated		nts Expressed	Personal	Average	School
Year	Population	<u>In</u>	Thousands)	Income	Age	Enrollment
2003	7,000	\$	145,000	51,000	50.0	1,500
2004	7,000		145,000	51,000	50.0	1,500
2005	7,000		145,000	51,000	50.0	1,500
2006	7,000		145,000	51,000	50.0	1,500
2007	7,000		145,000	51,000	50.0	1,500
2008	7,032		145,540	51,377	49.2	1,604
2009	7,139		145,540	51,377	49.2	1,604
2010	7,248		145,540	51,377	49.2	1,604
2011	7,305		145,540	51,377	49.2	1,604
2012	7,527	\$	145,540	51,377	49.2	1,604

⁽¹⁾ North Central Texas Council of Governments (NCTCOG)

⁽²⁾ United State Census Bureau - American Community Survey

⁽³⁾ Lovejoy ISD

Principal Employers Current Year

<u>Employers</u>	Employees	<u>Rank</u>	Percentage of Total City Employment
Whole Foods	176	1	12.20%
Dillard's	125	2	8.70%
J.C. Penney	110	3	6.90%
Macy's	104	4	7.20%
Heritage Ranch	85	5	5.90%
Splitville	55	6	3.80%
Town of Fairview	54	7	3.70%
Gloria's	53	8	3.70%
iPic	50	9	3.50%
Old Navy	50	10	3.50%
	862		59.10%

Source: Individual Business

Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function Last Five Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year **FUNCTION** General Government Public Safety: Police: Officers Fire* Streets Culture & Recreation: Parks Water Sewer Total

Source: Personnel Department

Note: Data for fiscal years 2003-2007 not available at the time of this publication.

^{*} Full time equivalent = 1/4 time, 1/2 time and full time.

Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Five Fiscal Years

ear

-	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
FUNCTION/PROGRAM					
Police:					
Physical Arrests	22	38	131	92	108
Accidents	2062	2318	3031	3907	4032
Citations	2569	2113	3007	2689	2390
Fire:					
Number of Calls Answered	430	570	671	750	750
Inspections	321	265	548	483	644
Highway and Streets:					
Street Reconstruction (Mile	0.95	1.00	-	2.27	0.92
Street Resurfacing (Miles)	-	-	-	-	1.54
Water:					
New Connections	48	59	63	34	50
Water Main Breaks	N/A	N/A	N/A	5	6
Average Daily Consumption (Thousands of Gallons)	1,645.99	1,507.40	2,108.25	2,108.25	1,951.53

Source: Various Government Departments

Note: Data for fiscal years 2003-2007 not available at the time of this publication.

Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Five Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year

		11000	1 1 001		
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
FUNCTION					
Public Safety					
Police:					
Stations	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol Units	5	9	9	10	10
Fire Stations	1	1	1	1	1
Highway and Streets					
Streets (Miles)	41.44	41.55	4211	42.11	42.43
Culture and Recreation					
Parks Acreage	215.6	216.8	216.8	216.8	216.8
Parks	8	9	9	9	9
Water:					
Water Mains (Miles)	67.05	71.84	74.45	75.13	75.41
Fire Hydrants	637	646	655	669	673
Maxium Daily Capacity (Thousands of Gallons)	7.3 MGD				
Sewer:					
Sanitary Sewers (Miles)	24.19	24.19	24.75	25.23	25.54

Source: Various Government Departments

Note: Data for fiscal years 2003-2007 not available at the time of this publication.